After-Hospital Care

Quick Guide to Recovery Options for After Your Stay

After-hospital care that fits your needs is important. Make sure you understand what your hospital staff recommends for you. After-care options include:

**Home Healthcare**—care provided by professionals in your home to help maintain or restore health. Can include: home care services such as housekeeping and meal preparation; personal care services such as bathing, dressing or eating; and healthcare services such as physical therapy or skilled nursing.

**Independent Living**—communities with individual, private apartments or homes. Includes: meals, housekeeping, maintenance, social activities and possibly transportation. Healthcare services like skilled nursing usually are not standard.

**Assisted Living**—individual units or apartments, usually in a long-term care facility. Includes: home and personal care services, as well as help managing health conditions and medicine routines—plus social activities and transportation. Medical staff is on-site 24 hours.

**Nursing Home**—long-term care facility for those who don't need a hospital, but can't be cared for at home. Includes: all daily living and personal care services, 24-hour skilled nursing care, plus social activities and events. Special units often available for people with Alzheimer's disease or memory loss.

**Hospice**—care program that provides support for terminally ill patients and families in hospitals, facilities or homes. Includes: 24-hour help with pain control, symptom management and emotional or spiritual support.

To get started evaluating or finding after-hospital care resources in your area, visit:

- Eldercare Locator: www.eldercare.gov
- National Respite Network and Resource Center: www.archrespite.org

You also can talk to your case manager or social worker for help finding the right after-hospital care.